

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ R. No. \_\_\_\_\_ Class/ Sec: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Invig. Sign \_\_\_\_\_

# ATOMIC ENERGY CENTRAL SCHOOL, NARORA

## CLASS XI PHYSICS UNIT TEST FIRST 2018-19

MM: 50

TIME: 1:30 Hr.

### General Instructions:

- All questions are compulsory and marks are mentioned in front of each question.
- Electronic devices are prohibited to use in the examination.
- Use Blue or Black Pen only.
- Don't write answer or objectionable things on question paper.

- Q1 (a) Write S.I. unit and dimensional formula of Impulse [2]  
 (b) Define fundamental and derived physical quantities and write only name of all fundamental physical quantities according to S.I. system [3]
- Q2 (a) We measure the period of oscillation of a simple pendulum. In successive measurements, the readings turn out to be 2.63 s, 2.56 s, 2.42 s, 2.71s and 2.80 s. Calculate the absolute errors, relative error or percentage error. [2]  
 (b) Experiments shows the frequency ( $\nu$ ) of a tuning fork depend upon length ( $l$ ) of the prong, density ( $\rho$ ) and young's modulus ( $Y$ ) of its material. On the basis of dimension analysis, derive expression for frequency of tuning fork? [3]
- Q3 (a) Define following: (i) A light year (ii) Astronomical unit [2]  
 (b) Express the number of significant figure in (i) 200.05 (ii) 0.00500 (iii) 20050 [3]
- Q4 (a) Centripetal force acting on a particle in circular path depends on its mass, velocity, and radius of circular path derives the formula of centripetal force by dimensional analysis method. [2]  
 (b) Write dimension of work. Convert 20 joule work from MKS to CGS system by dimensional analysis method. [3]
- Q5 (a) If power ( $P$ )= $(b-x^2)/at$  than find the dimension of a and b where x is distance and t is Time. [2]  
 (b) Check the correctness of formula  $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$  where symbols have their usual meaning. [3]
- Q6 (a) What do you mean by uniform motion? Draw velocity time graph for this motion [2]

(b) The position of any object is given by  $x = a + bt^2$  where  $a = 8.5\text{m}$  and  $b = 2.5\text{ m}$ . calculate its velocity at  $t = 2\text{sec}$ . [3]

Q7 (a) Write four differences between distance and displacement [2]

(b) A ball is thrown vertically upwards with a velocity of  $20\text{ m/s}$  from the top of tower. The height of the point from where the ball is thrown is  $25\text{ meter}$  from the ground. How high the ball will rise and how long will it take to hit the ground. [3]

Q 8 (a) What do you mean by uniform accelerated motion? Explain velocity-time graph and acceleration –time graph for this motion. [2]

(b) Derive the second equation and third equation of motion by graphical method.[3]

Q9 (a) Define absolute error and relative error. [2]

(b) Draw position –time graph for motion with (a) positive acceleration; (b) negative acceleration, and (c) zero acceleration. [3]

Q10 (a) Convert  $5\text{ newton}$  into  $\text{dyne}$  dimensionally [2]

(b) A man walks on a straight road from his house to a market  $2.5\text{km}$  away with a speed of  $5\text{km/h}$ . finding the market closed he instantly turns and walks back home with speed of  $7.5\text{km/h}$ . what is (a) average velocity (b) average speed of man over the interval of time (a) 0 to 30 min. (b) 0 to 50 min. [5]